

b. A Industrialist wants to buy a NC machines for his factory. He has given three options from three suppliers. The initial cost, annual revenue and salvage values along with their lives are given in the table.

	Initial cost	Annual Revenue	Salvage Value	Life
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(years)
Machine 1	2.5 lakh	1 lakh	40,000/-	8
Machine 2	4.5 lakh	1.5 lakh	65,000/-	8
Machine 3	7 lakh	2 lakh	90,000/-	8

Apply present worth method and suggest which machines need to be selected by the industry and why? (12 Marks)

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Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

- Explain the following : 8 a.
 - Internal Rate of Return and (i)
 - (ii) External Rate of Return



- How do you determine selling price? Explain with a figure. 9 a.
 - The TVS factory produces 500 mopeds in a day. This involves direct material cost of b. Rs.40,000/- labour cost of Rs.35,000/- and over head cost of Rs.10,000/-. The company is expecting a profit of 15% of the selling price and estimated selling over heads has 30% of factory cost. Calculate the selling price of each mopeds. (12 Marks)
- Explain important causes for depreciation and discuss your understandings about term TAX. 10 a. (08 Marks)
 - b. Give the complete procedure for computing depreciation charges by sinking fund method. (12 Marks)

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(08 Marks)

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(08 Marks)